

# ARGENT MINERALS LIMITED

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2023

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Argent Minerals Limited (ACN 124 780 276) (Company) has adopted comprehensive systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of corporate governance. The Board is committed to administering the Company's policies and procedures with openness and integrity, pursuing the true spirit of corporate governance commensurate with the Company's needs.

To the extent applicable, the Company has adopted the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (Fourth Edition) as published by ASX Corporate Governance Council (**Recommendations**). However, the Board also recognises that full adoption of the Recommendations may not be practical or provide the optimal result given the particular circumstances of the Company.

The Company's Corporate Governance Charters, Policies and Procedures are available on the Company's website at <https://argentminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>. Any references to various Charters or Policies within the statement below, are references to the Charters and Policies on the Company's website. Information published on the Company's website includes a copy of this Corporate Governance Statement.

The Corporate Governance Statement as approved by the Board of Directors, is current as at 29 September 2023 and has been authorised for release.

**PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT**

1.1	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and</p> <p>(b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.</p>	Yes	<p>Information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management) is found under the Board Charter in Schedule 1 of its Corporate Governance Plan.</p>
1.2	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and</p> <p>(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.</p>	Yes	<p>a) The Company undertakes appropriate checks in accordance with the guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board in its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company's Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, or if one has not yet been established, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate) are undertaken before appointing a person or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director.</p> <p>b) Under the Nomination Committee Charter in Schedule 5 of its Corporate Governance Plan, all material information relevant to a decision on whether to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.</p>
1.3	<p>A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company's Nomination Committee Charter requires the Board, in the absence of a Nomination Committee, to ensure that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. The Company has written agreements, or is preparing such agreements, with each of its Directors and senior executives.</p>
1.4	<p>The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.</p>	Yes	<p>Noted in the letter of appointment of Company Secretary.</p> <p>The Board Charter of the Company sets out the specific responsibilities of the Company Secretary and provides that the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.</p>

1.5	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have and disclose a diversity policy;</li> <li>(b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and</li> <li>(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;</li> <li>(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and</li> <li>(3) either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</li> <li>(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Partially	<p>The Company has implemented a diversity policy in Schedule 10 of the Corporate Governance Plan which can be viewed on its website at <a href="https://argentminerals.com.au/about/corporate-governance/">https://argentminerals.com.au/about/corporate-governance/</a> The diversity policy provides a framework for the Company to establish and achieve measurable diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The diversity policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives, if considered appropriate, and to assess annually both the objectives (if any have been set) and the Company's progress in achieving them.</p> <p>Due to the current size and composition of the organisation, the Board does not consider it appropriate to provide measurable objectives in relation to gender diversity. The Company is committed to ensuring that the appropriate mix of skills, expertise, and diversity are considered when employing staff at all levels of the organisation and when making new senior executive and Board appointments and is satisfied that the composition of employees, senior executives and members of the Board is appropriate.</p>
1.6	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors; and</li> <li>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</li> </ul>	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) The Board, in the absence of a Nomination Committee, is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor. The process for this is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.</li> <li>b) During the 2023 financial year, the Board undertook ad hoc reviews of respective directors in accordance with its Corporate Governance Plan.</li> </ul>

1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	Yes	<p>a) The Board, in the absence of a Remuneration Committee is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan provides that the duties of the Remuneration Committee include the review of on-going appropriateness and relevance of the executive remuneration and make recommendations to the Board having regard to the executive remuneration policy disclose whether performance. As part of this review, the Remuneration Committee will oversee an annual performance evaluation of the executive team.</p> <p>b) During the 2023 financial year, the Board reviewed each senior executive over a series of informal discussions to satisfy itself that strategic objectives are being achieved.</p>
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**PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE**

2.1	<p>The Board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	Partially	<p>a) The Company does not currently have a Nomination Committee. The Company's Nomination Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Nomination Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director.</p> <p>b) The Company does not have a Nomination Committee as the Board considers the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Nomination Committee under the Nomination Committee Charter, including the following processes to address succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively:</p> <p>i) devoting time at least annually to discuss Board succession issues and updating the Company's Board skills matrix; and</p> <p>ii) all Board members being involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.</p>
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2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	<p>The Company has a Board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership. A copy is available in the Company's Annual Report. The Board Charter requires the disclosure of each Board member's qualifications and expertise. Full details as to each Director and senior executive's relevant skills and experience are available in the Company's Annual Report.</p> <p>The Company has identified the following as the main areas of skills required by the Board to successfully service the Company. The Directors have measured to these areas in the skills matrix:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1205 432 2141 1134"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="1205 432 1453 531">Skills Matrix</th> <th data-bbox="1453 432 1624 531">Pedro Kastellorizos</th> <th data-bbox="1624 432 1749 531">Peter Michael</th> <th data-bbox="1749 432 1944 531">David Greenwood</th> <th data-bbox="1944 432 2141 531">Conrad Karageorge</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 531 1453 588">Industry</td> <td data-bbox="1453 531 1624 588">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1624 531 1749 588">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1749 531 1944 588">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 531 2141 588">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 588 1453 651">Operational experience</td> <td data-bbox="1453 588 1624 651">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1624 588 1749 651">-</td> <td data-bbox="1749 588 1944 651">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 588 2141 651">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 651 1453 713">Financial acumen</td> <td data-bbox="1453 651 1624 713">-</td> <td data-bbox="1624 651 1749 713">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1749 651 1944 713">-</td> <td data-bbox="1944 651 2141 713">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 713 1453 831">Experience as a non-executive Director of other ASX-listed entities</td> <td data-bbox="1453 713 1624 831">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1624 713 1749 831">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1749 713 1944 831">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 713 2141 831">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 831 1453 893">Leadership and governance</td> <td data-bbox="1453 831 1624 893">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1624 831 1749 893">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1749 831 1944 893">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 831 2141 893">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 893 1453 956">Risk management experience</td> <td data-bbox="1453 893 1624 956">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1624 893 1749 956">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1749 893 1944 956">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 893 2141 956">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 956 1453 1018">Capital markets</td> <td data-bbox="1453 956 1624 1018">-</td> <td data-bbox="1624 956 1749 1018">-</td> <td data-bbox="1749 956 1944 1018">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 956 2141 1018">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 1018 1453 1080">Human resources</td> <td data-bbox="1453 1018 1624 1080">-</td> <td data-bbox="1624 1018 1749 1080">-</td> <td data-bbox="1749 1018 1944 1080">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 1018 2141 1080">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1205 1080 1453 1134">Strategy</td> <td data-bbox="1453 1080 1624 1134">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1624 1080 1749 1134">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1749 1080 1944 1134">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1944 1080 2141 1134">✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Skills Matrix	Pedro Kastellorizos	Peter Michael	David Greenwood	Conrad Karageorge	Industry	✓	✓	✓	✓	Operational experience	✓	-	✓	✓	Financial acumen	-	✓	-	-	Experience as a non-executive Director of other ASX-listed entities	✓	✓	✓	✓	Leadership and governance	✓	✓	✓	✓	Risk management experience	✓	✓	✓	✓	Capital markets	-	-	✓	-	Human resources	-	-	✓	-	Strategy	✓	✓	✓	✓
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Strategy	✓	✓	✓	✓																																																	

2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the Board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4 <sup>th</sup> Edition), but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	Yes	a) The Board Charter requires the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. The Company will disclose those Directors it considers to be independent in its Annual Report and on its ASX website. David Greenwood, Conrad Karageorge and Peter Michael are considered independent. b) The Company has provided details of any departures from Principle 2 in its Annual Report. c) The Company's Annual Report will disclose the length of service of each Director, as at the end of each financial year.
2.4	A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes	The Board currently comprises a total of four directors, of which three are considered to be independent.
2.5	The chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Yes	The Chair of the Board, Peter Michael, is independent and is not the same person as the CEO
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board, in the absence of a Nomination Committee, is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development.

### PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values	Yes	The Company has statement of values which can be viewed on its website.
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code	Yes	The Code of Conduct, in Schedule 2 of its Corporate Governance Plan, sets out the principles and standards which the Board, management and employees of the Company are encouraged to strive to abide by when dealing with each other, shareholders and the broad community. The Board is informed when any material incidents are reported under the policy
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Yes	The Company has implemented a whistleblower policy which can be viewed on its website and the Board is informed when any material incidents are reported under the policy.

3.4	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and</p> <p>(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy</p>	Yes	The Company has implemented an anti-bribery and corruption policy which can be viewed on its website and the Board is informed when any material incidents are reported under the policy.
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**PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING**

4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	Partially	<p>a) The Company does not currently have an Audit and Risk Committee. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company).</p> <p>b) The Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter including the following processes to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner:</p> <p>i) the Board devotes time at annual Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors; and</p> <p>ii) all members of the Board are involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting.</p>
4.2	<p>The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms. The Company has obtained a sign off on these terms for each of its financial statements in each financial year.</p>
4.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor</p>	Yes	<p>Any periodic corporate reports are prepared by the accountant, reviewed by the CFO and presented to the Board for sign off prior to release to the market.</p>

**PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE**

5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Yes	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a continuous disclosure program in Schedule 7. The Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes	All material market announcements are circulated to the Board via email.
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	Results presentations and transcripts of the Chairman's address at annual general meetings are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform as soon as practically possible after the conclusion of the general meeting. Other presentations to new or substantive shareholders or investor analysts are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform prior to the presentation.

**PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website.
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Strategy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	The company decides all resolutions at a meeting of security holders by a poll. All resolutions at the Company's 2022 AGM were decided by a poll.
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	The Shareholder Communication Strategy provides that security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted. Shareholders queries should be referred to the Company Secretary at first instance.



**PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK**

<p>7.1</p>	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	<p>Partially</p>	<p>(a) The Company does not currently have an Audit and Risk Committee as the Board consider the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company). A copy of the Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.</p> <p>(b) In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter including the following processes to oversee the entity's risk management framework:</p> <p>i) the Board devotes time at quarterly Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with overseeing risk and maintaining the entity's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures; and</p> <p>ii) the Board has required management to design and implement risk management and internal control systems to manage the Company's material business risks and has required management to report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively; and</p> <p>iii) the Chief Executive Officer reports to the Board as to the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks.</p>
<p>7.2</p>	<p>The board or a committee of the board should:</p> <p>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>a) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Board, in the absence of an Audit and Risk Committee, should, at least annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound.</p> <p>b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose at least annually whether such a review of the company's risk management framework has taken place.</p>

7.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</p>	Partially	<p>a) The Company does not currently have an internal audit function.</p> <p>b) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Board, in the absence of an Audit and Risk Committee, to monitor the need for an internal audit function. The Board plays an active role in monitoring the daily affairs of the Company. Each Board member has access to external auditors and the auditor has access to each Board Member. In the event of a resignation of external auditors, the Board will appoint a new external auditor which is subsequently ratified by shareholders in general meeting. In all other cases an external auditor is appointed by shareholders in general meeting. An external auditor can be removed by shareholders in general meeting. The Board does not have a policy for the rotation of external audit engagement partners.</p>
7.4	<p>A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p>	Yes	<p>The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Board, in the absence of an Audit and Risk Committee, to assist management determine whether the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p> <p>The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks. The Company will disclose this information in its Annual Report and on its ASX website as part of its continuous disclosure obligations.</p>

**PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY**

8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	Partially	<p>a) The Company does not currently have a Remuneration Committee as the Board considers the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains a Remuneration Committee Charter that provides for the creation of a Remuneration Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company).</p> <p>b) In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Remuneration Committee under the Remuneration Committee Charter including the following processes to set the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:</p> <p>i) the Board devotes time at the annual Board meeting to assess the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives;</p> <p>ii) the Company has not adopted any schemes for retirement benefits;</p> <p>iii) the total maximum remuneration of non-executive Directors is initially set by the Constitution and subsequent variation is by ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting; and</p> <p>iv) the determination of non-executive Directors' remuneration within the maximum amount fixed will be made by the Board having regard to the inputs and value to the Company or the respective contributions by each non-executive Director.</p>
8.2	<p>A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives, which is disclosed on the Company's website.</p>
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	Yes	<p>a) The Company's securities trading policy includes prohibitions on hedging &amp; derivative trading in respect of participants in any Company share, option, performance rights or other plan or similar arrangement which limit the economic risk of participating in such schemes.</p> <p>b) The securities trading policy is available on the Company's website.</p>

**PRINCIPLE 9 – ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES**

9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	N/A	
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	N/A	
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	N/A	